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## Compound sentences worksheet year 1

The SMART file is the lesson teaching using an activity to re-cap tenses and then teach children the difference between a simple and complex sentence using an activity to make two simple sentences in a compound sentence. Plenum is a short game found on the BBC to help children get sentences together using binders. Mr. Hamm's group spreadsheet is less capable, so Slinky, Buzz and Woody are most capable group. All differentiated. Read moreFreeReport a problemThis resource is designed for British teachers. View American version . A sentence is a grammatical unit herd of one or more words (Go! is a sentence, which is the Cat put on the mat.). Sentences begin with a capital letter and end with a full stop, question mark, or exclamation mark. What is a simple sentence? Sentences can be structured in different ways. A simple sentence has a subject and only one verb.The girl sprinted after the tiger. What is a composite sentence? A composite sentence is formed when you join two main clauses with a link. In a complex sentence, the clauses are linked by coordinating conjunctions/binders (and, but, so, or). I like bananas and I like grapes. Zoe may be rude at times, but she's a nice girl. What is a complex or multi-sentence sentence? Complex statements can also be referred to as multClauses. A complex sentence is formed when you join a main sentence and a child sentence with a binder text. A child clause is one that relies on a main sentence to make sense. The volumes in complex sentences are subordinate conjunctions, and they tell us about the order or place where things happened or indicate a cause or effect relationship between events. Binders used in complex sentences include after, but, which, because, if, the page, unless, when. I love fried potatoes, although my mom prefers them mashed. You'll need to prepare for the spelling test tomorrow if you want to get all the spellings right. The big dog barked when I knocked on the door. Complex sentences can also be constructed by including relative clauses (which are subordinate clauses), for example: Tom, who liked to read, settled happily with his new book. How are children taught sentence-building in KS1? Children are not necessarily taught the concept of complex and complex sentences explicitly in KS1, but teachers will encourage children to notice the use of binders in texts they read and how they make writing more effective. In Year 1, children must begin to join parts of sentences (clauses) using and. For example, there was a monster in my room, and he roared. In year 2, children must begin to use subordination, which occurs in a complex sentence. So instead of writing: I wanted some ice cream, they have to extend this using the volumes and, or but, to something like: I wanted some ice cream, but there was none. How is sentence building taught in KS2? Children continued to use compound and and Statements. They will be expected to use more and more varied and sophisticated binders. In years 3 and 4 they are expected to use when, if, because and even. In years 5 and 6 they are expected to use in the meantime, therefore, however, accordingly, and other binders. By Year 6 children are expected to recognize, understand and be able to explain what simple, complex and complex sentences are, as this is likely to come up in the KS2 Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling test. Teachers use a variety of methods to encourage children to improve their sentence structure: Teachers often put lists of binders around the classroom to encourage children to remember to use them in their writing. They can also play classroom games, and say sentences out loud using binders. An example of this is to give the children the half-sentence: I would like to have a dog, but my mother will not let me. Teachers will also model the use of complex and complex sentences on the board when drawing up sample text for the children. When a teacher marks a draft of writing, in their markup, they can draw the child's attention to how two simple sentences can be joined by a binding sentence, or how a simple sentence can be extended with a binding and another clause. Simple, complex and complex sentencesWrite complex sentencesSubject and predicate worksheetsIdentify the subject and predicate for a sentence. Fragments & Run-OnsDetermine which groups of words are complete sentences and which are fragments. Punctuation suggestionsLearn to use periods, question marks, commas, and quotation marks correctly. English-language art spreadsheetsOur spreadsheets cover all areas that read, write, phonics and spelling. A set of 6 spreadsheets that learn the concept of simple, complex and complex sentences. Published by Teach Starter PublishingWe create first-class, downloadable teaching resources for elementary school teachers that make classroom buzz! ReviewsChanges & UpdatesChangesReport an ErrorErrorsHelpWrite a review to help other teachers and parents like yourself. To request a change (Changes and Updates) to this resource, or report an error, simply select the corresponding tab above. Sign in or sign up to join the conversation. You must be signed in to report an error. Sign up now! A composite sentence consists of at least two independent clauses. A complex sentence always uses a connection word such as; and, or, but. When two sentences come together as one, they are called a compound sentence. These composite sentences spreadsheets are for students at the beginner and intermediate level. Our compound phrases spreadsheets are free to download and easy access in PDF format. Use these compounded sentences at school or at home. Grades K-5 Compound Phrases Worksheet Here's a Graphic for the whole kindergarten, 1. Click on the image to view our pdf spreadsheet. Grades 6-8 Composite Sentences Sheets Here is a graphical preview for all 6. Click on the image to view our pdf spreadsheet. Grades 9-12 Composite Sentences Sheets Here is a graphical preview for all 9. Click on the image to view our pdf spreadsheet. Worksheet.